Fig. 43. Small spherical cell with protoplasmic contents, vacuole, and food-grain ( $\times 500$ ).
Fig. 44. Connecti e-tissue corpuscle with large racuole (probably an exhausted food-reserve cell) ( $\times 500$ ).
Figs. 45, 46. Cells with large vacuoles and food-grains ( $\times 500$ ).
Fig. 47. A resicle of the canal-system, showing the nuclei of its epithelial cells and associated spinispirules: $b b$, edge of the vesicle ; $\varepsilon$, sphincter ; $c$, surrounding connective tissue. $\times 2.50$.
Fig. 48. Large amobiform cell of the connective tissue ( $\times 333$ ).
> L.-Deseription of a new Species of Crastia, a Lepidopterous Genus belonging to the Family Euplæinæ. By F. Moore. Crastia Distantii.

Upperside dark cupreous brown, glossed with olive-green : fore wing with a series of eight or nine white submarginal spots, and a marginal row of small spots, similarly disposed and of the same shape as those in the Malayan Euploea Bremeri, Feld., but somewhat larger ; two small spots also on the disk below the upper and middle median veins in some specimens; a short slender sericeous streak between the lower median and submedian in the male: hind wing with two rows of prominent white spots.

Underside greenish olive-brown: fore wing with marginal markings as above; two small spots also on the costa, another spot at the end of the cell, and three on the disk: hind wing with prominent marginal spots ; a spot at the end of the cell, and five spots beyond. Expanse $2 \frac{6}{8}$ to $3 \frac{1}{8}$ inches.

Hab. Sumatra. In coll. F. Moore.

> LI.-Researches on the Nervous System of the Larve of Dipterous Insects. By Prof. Ed. Brandt.

Having received from M. Behling a number of Dipterous larve belonging to families which had not been previously examined as to their nervous system, I took the opportumity to dissect them, and with the following results.

I have examined the following :-
Leptide: Leptis, sp.
Bibionide: Bibio Marci, L.
——Pomone, Fabr. - ferruginatus, L.
-- varipes, Meig.

- hortulanus, L.
- laniger, Meig.

